Michigan Department of Treasury 496 (02/06)

			'roceau 2 of 1968, as		POR Id P.A. 71 of 1919	, as amended	l.				
Local Unit of Government Type						Local Unit Name			County		
□County □City ☑Twp □Village □Oth				Other	Beaverton	Township		Gladwin			
Fiscal Year End Opinion Date Date Audit Report Submitted 1 March 31, 2006 June 8, 2006 September 28, 2006											
Ma	arcn	31, 7	2006	***************************************	June 8, 20)06		September 28, 200	J6		
We a	affirm	that	:								
We a	are co	ertifie	ed public a	ccountants	licensed to p	ractice in N	∕lichigan.				
					erial, "no" resp ments and rec			osed in the financial statem	nents, includi	ing the notes, or in the	
	YES	9	Check ea	ach applic	able box bel	ow . (See ir	nstructions fo	r further detail.)			
1.	All required component units/funds/agencies of the local unit are included in the financial statements and/or disclosed in the reporting entity notes to the financial statements as necessary.										
2.	×							unit's unreserved fund bala budget for expenditures.	ances/unrest	ricted net assets	
3.	×		The local	unit is in o	compliance wi	th the Unifo	orm Chart of	Accounts issued by the De	partment of	Treasury.	
4.	×		The local	unit has a	dopted a bud	get for all re	equired funds	3.			
5.	×		A public h	nearing on	the budget w	as held in a	accordance w	vith State statute.			
6.	×				ot violated the			an order issued under the Division.	e Emergency	Municipal Loan Act, or	
7.	×		The local	unit has n	ot been deline	quent in dis	stributing tax i	revenues that were collecte	ed for anothe	er taxing unit.	
8.	×		The local	unit only h	nolds deposits	/investmer	nts that comp	ly with statutory requireme	nts.	-	
9.	×						The same of the sa	that came to our attention sed (see Appendix H of Bu		in the Bulletin for	
10.	X		that have	not been	previously cor	nmunicate	d to the Local			ing the course of our audit there is such activity that has	
11.		×	The local	unit is free	e of repeated	comments	from previous	s years.			
12.	×		The audit	opinion is	UNQUALIFIE	ED.					
13.	×		The local accepted	unit has c	omplied with (GASB 34 o GAAP).	r GASB 34 a	s modified by MCGAA Star	tement #7 ar	nd other generally	
14.	X						rior to payme	ent as required by charter of	or statute.		
15.	X							ed were performed timely.			
includes des	uded cripti e und	in th on(s) dersi	nis or any of the aut	other aud hority and fy that this	lit report, nor or commissio statement is	do they o n.	btain a stand	n all respects.	daries of the ose the nan	e audited entity and is not ne(s), address(es), and a	
***	iiave	e enc	loseu lile	TOHOWING	J.	_	Not Require	ed (enter a brief justification)			
Fina	ancia	l Sta	tements								
The	lette	er of (Comments	and Reco	mmendations	X					
Other (Describe)											
			ccountant (Fi Lang, P.0					Telephone Number (989) 835-7721			
	t Add			ST. SKEWIII				City	State Z	ip	
							Midland		18640		
Autho	Authorizing CPA Signature Printed Name License Number 1101012221										

TOWNSHIP OF BEAVERTON GLADWIN COUNTY, MICHIGAN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For The Year Ended March 31, 2006

TOWNSHIP OF BEAVERTON BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Jeff Roehrs Supervisor

Madalyn Hubble Clerk

Luann Domako Treasurer

Jon Sherwood Trustee

Terry Grove Trustee

TOWNSHIP POPULATION–2000 1,815

STATE EQUALIZED VALUE–2005 \$49,060,000

STATE TAXABLE VALUE–2005 \$37,503,377

TOWNSHIP OF BEAVERTON GLADWIN COUNTY, MICHIGAN

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2006

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Accounting Solutions That Foster Success

Independent Auditors' Report

Members of The Township Board of Trustees Township of Beaverton Gladwin County, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Beaverton, Gladwin County, Michigan, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2006, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's Board of Trustees. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

The financial statements referred to above do not include the Management Discussion and Analysis, which is required supplementary information and should be included in order to conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, except for the effects on the financial statements of the omission described in the preceding paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Beaverton, Gladwin County, Michigan, as of March 31, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary comparison information on page 16 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Burnoul & Lay of C. Midland, Michigan June 8, 2006

Audit & Assurance Services ■ Accounting & Finance Services ■ Estate & Gift Tax Planning & Consulting
Tax Planning & Preparation ■ Financial & Management Assistance ■ Business Valuations

TOWNSHIP OF BEAVERTON GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS March 31, 2006

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 574,551
Taxes receivable, net	21,761
Due from other township funds	3,608
Prepaid items	21,309
Capital assets:	
Land	12,257
Buildings and improvements, net	42,734
Township equipment, net	 399
Total assets	676,619
LIABILITIES	
Deferred revenue	51,675
Total liabilities	51,675
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	55,390
Unrestricted	 569,554
Total net assets	\$ 624,944

TOWNSHIP OF BEAVERTON GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended March 31, 2006

			Program Revenues							
Activities:	Expenses		Fees, Fines and Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Rev Cl	t (Expenses) wenues and hanges in et Assets
General Government:										
Township board	\$	17,320	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(17,320)
Supervisor		7,181		-		-		-		(7,181)
Treasurer		13,714		-		-		-		(13,714)
Assessing		16,076		-		-		-		(16,076)
Clerk		9,813		-		-		-		(9,813)
Elections		1,005		-		-		-		(1,005)
Board of review		730		-		-		-		(730)
Buildings and grounds		8,227		-		-		-		(8,227)
Ordinance enforcement		1,500		-		-		-		(1,500)
All other general government		109		1,376		-		-		1,267
Fire protection		44,510		-		-		-		(44,510)
Roads and drains		59,391		-		-		-		(59,391)
Street lights		546		-		-		-		(546)
Sanitation, solid waste		62,106		-		-		-		(62,106)
Total governmental activities	\$	242,228	\$	1,376	\$	-	\$	-		(240,852)
	Gen	eral revenue	es:							
	Pro	perty taxes	, levied f	for general	purposes					105,799
		te revenue s	_							130,640
	Int	erest earnin	gs							13,992
	Rents and royalties									1,170
	Special assessments									51,192
	Miscellaneous									7,860
	Total general revenues									310,653
	Change in net assets									69,801
	Net	assets-begir	nning							555,143
	Net	assets-endi	ng						\$	624,944

TOWNSHIP OF BEAVERTON GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET March 31, 2006

		General Fund	nitation Fund	Total		
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	502,451	\$ 72,100	\$	574,551	
Taxes receivable, net		12,684	9,077		21,761	
Due from other township funds		3,608	-		3,608	
Prepaid items		21,309			21,309	
Total assets	\$	540,052	\$ 81,177	\$	621,229	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Deferred revenue	\$		\$ 51,675	\$	51,675	
Total liabilities			51,675		51,675	
Fund balances:						
Unreserved		540,052	29,502		569,554	
Total fund balances		540,052	29,502		569,554	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	540,052	\$ 81,177	\$	621,229	

569,554

\$

TOWNSHIP OF BEAVERTON RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS March 31, 2006

Total net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets is different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and	
therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:	
Land	\$ 12,257
Buildings and improvements, net of \$29,732 accumulated depreciation	42,734

Township equipment, net of \$19,900 accumulated depreciation 399

Total capital assets

Total net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit 1)

Total fund balances for governmental funds (Exhibit 3)

624,944

55,390

TOWNSHIP OF BEAVERTON STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the Year Ended March 31, 2006

	General Fund		Sanitation Fund		Total
REVENUES					
Property taxes	\$	105,799	\$	-	\$ 105,799
State aid		130,640		-	130,640
Charges for services		1,376		-	1,376
Interest and dividends		12,993		999	13,992
Rents and royalties		1,170		-	1,170
Special assessments		-		51,192	51,192
Miscellaneous		7,860		-	7,860
Total revenues		259,838		52,191	 312,029
EXPENDITURES					
General government		75,014		-	75,014
Public safety		44,510		-	44,510
Public works		59,937		62,106	122,043
Capital outlay		7,854		-	7,854
Total expenditures		187,315		62,106	249,421
Net change in fund balances		72,523		(9,915)	62,608
Fund balances-beginning		467,529		39,417	 506,946
Fund balances-ending	\$	540,052	\$	29,502	\$ 569,554

TOWNSHIP OF BEAVERTON RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended March 31, 2006

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit 4)

\$ 62,608

The change in net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay (\$7,854) exceeded depreciation (\$661) in the current period.

7,193

Change in net assets of governmental activities (Exhibit 2)

\$ 69,801

TOWNSHIP OF BEAVERTON STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES CURRENT TAX FUND March 31, 2006

AS	\mathbf{SE}	TS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,608
Total assets	3,608
LIABILITIES	
Due to other funds	3,608
Total liabilities	3,608
NET ASSETS	\$ -

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Township conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the Township:

A. Reporting Entity

The Township is governed by an elected five-member board. The accompanying financial statements present the Township's operations for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. The Township has no component units.

Jointly Governed Organization—The Township of Beaverton, Tobacco Township and the City of Beaverton formed the Beaverton Area Fire Protection District to provide fire protection to the entire area of the three governmental entities. The District is financed each year on a proportional basis for each participating governmental unit based upon their respective state equalized valuation.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the government. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

The Township property tax is levied each December 1st on the taxable valuation of property (as defined by State statutes) located in the Township as of the preceding December 31st. Real property taxes not collected as of March 1st are turned over to Gladwin County, which advances the Township 100% for the delinquent taxes.

The 2005 taxable valuation of the Township totaled \$35.8 million, on which ad velorem taxes were levied. This amount is recognized in the General Fund as current tax revenue totaling \$105,799.

The Township reports the following major fund:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

In addition, the Township reports additional funds as follows:

The Garbage Collection Fund accounts for providing garbage and rubbish collection financed by an annual special assessment.

The Current Tax Fund is used to account for resources held by the Township in a purely custodial capacity. Money in this fund is from current tax and special assessment collections. Timely distribution to the appropriate fund and local unit must be made in accordance with Section 43 of the General Property Tax Act.

Private-sector standards of accounting issued prior to December 1, 1989, are generally followed in government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Amounts reported as program revenue include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets

<u>Bank Deposits and Investments</u>—Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

<u>Receivables and Payables</u>—In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes are levied on each December 1st on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31st. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1st of the following year, at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

<u>Capital Assets</u>—Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings 25 to 40 years Building improvements 20 to 40 years Furniture and equipment 5 to 10 years

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets (Continued)

Long-Term Obligations—In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

<u>Fund Equity</u>—In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

<u>Budgetary Information</u>—Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds except the debt service funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The budget document presents information by fund, function, department or activity, and line items. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the department or activity level.

<u>Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds</u>—During the year, the Township incurred expenditures in certain budgeted funds which were in excess of the amounts appropriated, as follows:

Budgeted Item	Budget <u>Appropriation</u>			
General Fund-Assessing	\$ 14,400	\$	16,076	
General Fund-Clerk	9,500		9,813	
General Fund-Board of review	600		730	

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91, authorizes the Township to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations which have an office in Michigan. The Township is allowed to invest in bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or federal agency obligations; repurchase agreements; bankers acceptances of United States banks' commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The Township Board has designated two banks for the deposit of Township funds. The investment policy adopted by the board in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in bonds and securities of the United States government and bank accounts and certificates of deposit, but not the remainder of State statutory as listed above.

The Township's deposits and investment policy are in accordance with statutory authority.

At year-end, the Township's deposits and investments were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

	ernmental ctivities	luciary Tunds	Total	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 574,551	\$ 3,608	\$ 578,159	

Investment and Deposit Risk

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned. The Township does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the Township had \$578,159 of bank deposits (checking and savings accounts), of which \$406,059 were potentially uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, that the Township will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At year end, the Township had no investments.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments. The Authority's current investments have no potential interest rate risk.

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity of the Township for the current year was as follows:

	Be	ginning					Ending		
Governmental Activities		alance	Inc	Increases		ises	Balance		
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Land	\$	12,257	\$	_	\$	_	\$	12,257	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment		65,271 19,640		7,195 659		<u>-</u>		72,466 20,299	
Subtotal		84,911		7,854				92,765	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for									
Buildings and improvements		26,715		3,017		-		29,732	
Furniture and equipment		18,924		976		-		19,900	
Subtotal		45,639		3,993				49,632	
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated		39,272		3,861				43,133	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets–Net of Depreciation	\$	51,529	\$	3,861	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	55,390	

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the Township as follows:

Buildings and grounds	\$ 661
	\$ 661

NOTE 5. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The amount of inter-fund receivables and payables are as follows:

Fund	Inter-fund Receivable				Inter-fund Payable	
General	\$	3,608	Tax Collection	\$	3,608	

NOTE 6. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions and employee injuries (workers compensation). The Township has purchased commercial insurance for these types of claims. Settled claims relating to commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

TOWNSHIP OF BEAVERTON BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended March 31, 2006

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES				
Property taxes and related fees	\$ 103,56	1 \$ 103,561	\$ 105,799	\$ 2,238
State aid	130,00	0 130,000	130,640	640
Charges for services	1,47	5 1,475	1,376	(99)
Interest and dividends	90	900	12,993	12,093
Rents and royalties	90	900	1,170	270
Miscellaneous	7,47	9 7,479	7,860	381
Total revenues	244,31	5 244,315	259,838	15,523
EXPENDITURES				
General Government:				
Township board	20,00	0 20,000	17,320	2,680
Supervisor	7,50	7,500	7,181	319
Treasurer	14,50	0 14,500	13,714	786
Assessing	14,40	0 14,400	16,076	(1,676)
Clerk	9,50	9,500	9,813	(313)
Elections	1,00	5 1,005	1,005	-
Board of review	60	0 600	730	(130)
Buildings and grounds	7,70	7,700	7,566	134
Ordinance enforcement	1,50		1,500	-
All other general government	75	0 750	109	641
Public Safety:				
Fire protection	44,59	0 44,590	44,510	80
Public Works:				
Roads and drains	124,42	3 124,423	59,391	65,032
Street lights	70	0 700	546	154
Capital Outlay:				
General government	8,50		7,854	646
Total expenditures	255,66	8 255,668	187,315	68,353
Net change in fund balances	(11,35.	3) (11,353)	72,523	83,876
Fund balances-beginning	467,52	9 467,529	467,529	
Fund balances-ending	\$ 456,17	6 \$ 456,176	\$ 540,052	\$ 83,876



Accounting Solutions That Foster Success

June 8, 2005

Members of the Board Of Trustees Township of Beaverton Gladwin County, MI

Dear Board Members:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Township of Beaverton, Gladwin County, Michigan (the "Township"), for the year ended March 31, 2006, we considered its internal control in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the Township's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that we believe to be material weaknesses.

REPORTABLE CONDITIONS

Overspending Budgeted Appropriations

P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated. We noted during our audit that the Township incurred expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated in the General Fund.

We recommend the modified accrual basis of accounting be considered when adopting and amending the budget of the Township's governmental type funds. The budget should be amended during the year to reflect expenditures expected to be made in excess of the original budget amounts. These amendments must be approved by the Board of Trustees and documented in the Board's meeting minutes. This will help prevent the Township from incurring expenditures in excess of appropriations.

Township of Beaverton June 8, 2006 Page 2

Conclusion

These conditions were considered in determining the nature, timing, and extent of the audit tests applied on our audit of the March 31, 2006, financial statements, and this report does not affect our report on those financial statements dated June 8, 2006. We have not considered internal control since the date of our report.

This report is intended for the information of the members of the Board of Trustees, management and the State of Michigan, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Sincerely,
Burnsle & Pary of C.

BURNSIDE & LANG, P.C.